



Tishri 10

Leviticus 23:26-32

I. The _____ of Yom Kippur in Past History.

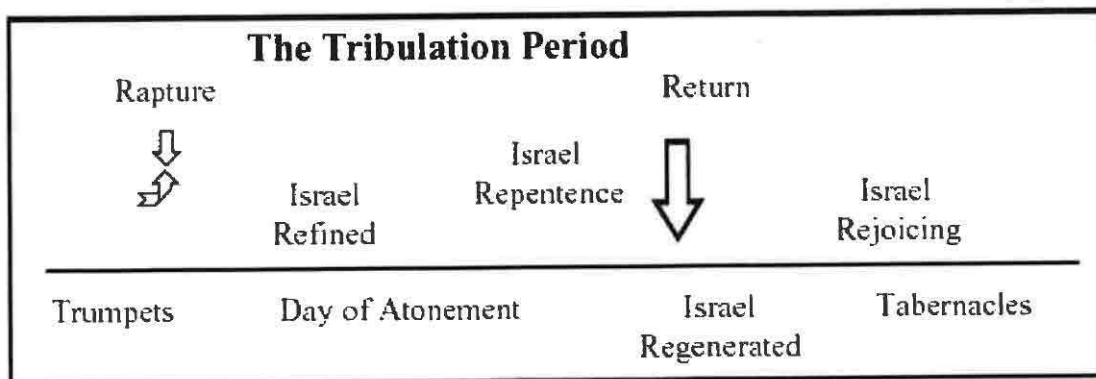
- A. Trademarks of _____ Instruction.
 1. Do no work at all—all work forbidden (Lev 23:30-31).
 2. Humble/afflict yourself (Lev 23:32).
 3. High priest was to present an offering (Lev 23:27; Num 29:7-11).
 - a. One goat for a sin offering (Lev 16:9, 21a).
 - b. One goat for a scapegoat (Lev 16:10, 21b-22).
 4. High priest was to wear a simple white robe (Lev 16:4, 23-24).
- B. Traditions of _____ Judaism.

After the destruction of the temple in 70 A.D., it was impossible to carry out the sacrificial system, and various traditions developed in its place.

 1. Kaparot (covering) ceremony.
 2. Al Chet (for the sin) and Kol Nidre (all vows) prayers.
 3. Reading of the book of Jonah in the synagogue.

II. The _____ of Yom Kippur in the Prophetic Future.

- A. Israel's national _____ (Zech 13:8-9; Hosea 5:15).
~ the concept of affliction due to sin.
- B. Israel's national _____ (Zech 12:10; 13:1).
~ the concept of sorrow over sin.
- C. Israel's national _____ [nation born in a day] (Zech 3:9).
~ the concept of removal of the guilt of sin.
- D. Israel's national _____ (Zech 8:19-23).
~ the concept of restoration (Rom 11:25-27).



III. The _____ of Yom Kippur for the Present Time.

- A. We do _____ at all to receive salvation (Tit 3:5; Eph 2:8-9).
- B. Messiah Jesus _____ himself to the point of death and was _____ for our transgressions (Phil 2:8; Isa 53:4).
- C. Our High Priest _____ Himself as the ultimate atoning sacrifice for sin (Heb 9:1-14; 10:10) removing it far from us (Jn 1:29).
- D. Messiah laid aside the _____ of his glory to make atonement for us.